Federation Interoperability
A Basic “Trust Triangle”

Looking at it in context:

How can the identity service provider and relying party trust each other?
Open Identity Trust Framework

Looks like this.

Trust Frameworks 101: An Introduction
Open Identity Trust Framework

Defined:

- **User/Consumer** - person or entity who is identifying themselves as a valid user of the system.
- **Identity Provider** - The entity that provides a representation of a user of some system.
  - i.e. Google, PayPal, Facebook
- **Relying Party**: An entity that depends on the assertions of an identity provider when making decisions about users.
  - i.e. Banks, Airlines, YouTube, eBay, Amazon

**Note:** The roles are not necessarily constant and entities may change roles or assume multiple roles depending on the nature of transaction.
Trusted Meta-Data

- Standard entity attributes
- Usable Across protocols
- Support UI extensions for provider discovery
- Queryable for scalability
Interoperable Deployment Profiles

- SAML2INT developed for R&E based on Meta-Data
- eGov 2.0 currently a conformance profile
- Profiles for OpenID Connect
Get Involved:
Join the Kantara Initiative Community

Website:
http://kantarainitiative.org

Community Mail List:
http://kantarainitiative.org/listinfo/community

Identity Assurance Accreditation and Certification Program:
http://kantarainitiative.org/confluence/display/fiwg/Home

Membership Documents:
http://kantarainitiative.org/wordpress/membership/

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